

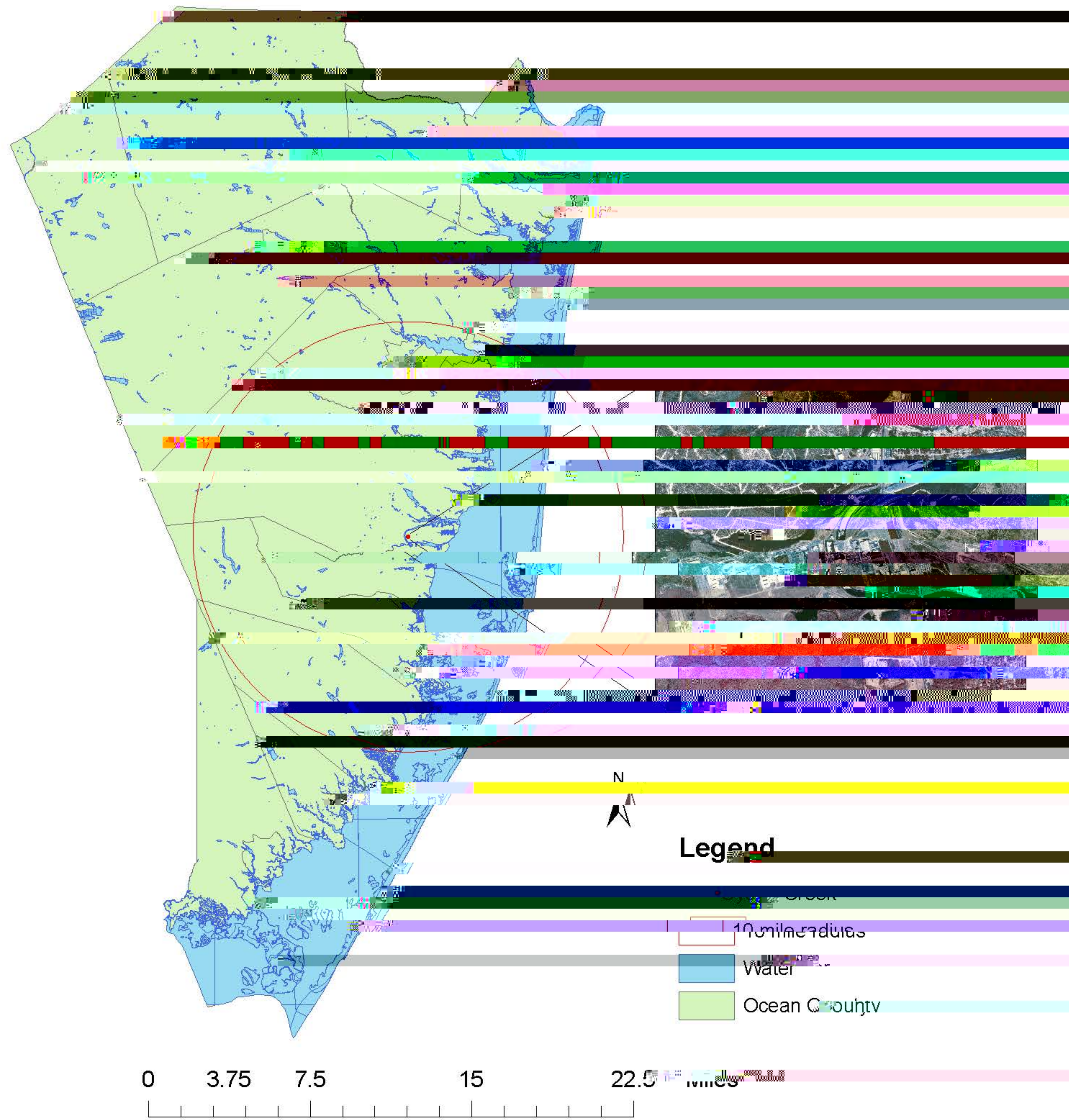
Evacuation of Area Surrounding Oyster Creek

Location of Oyster Creek

Advanced GIS Course ENVI 3303, Indiana University, 1998

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POSSIBLE SHELTERS



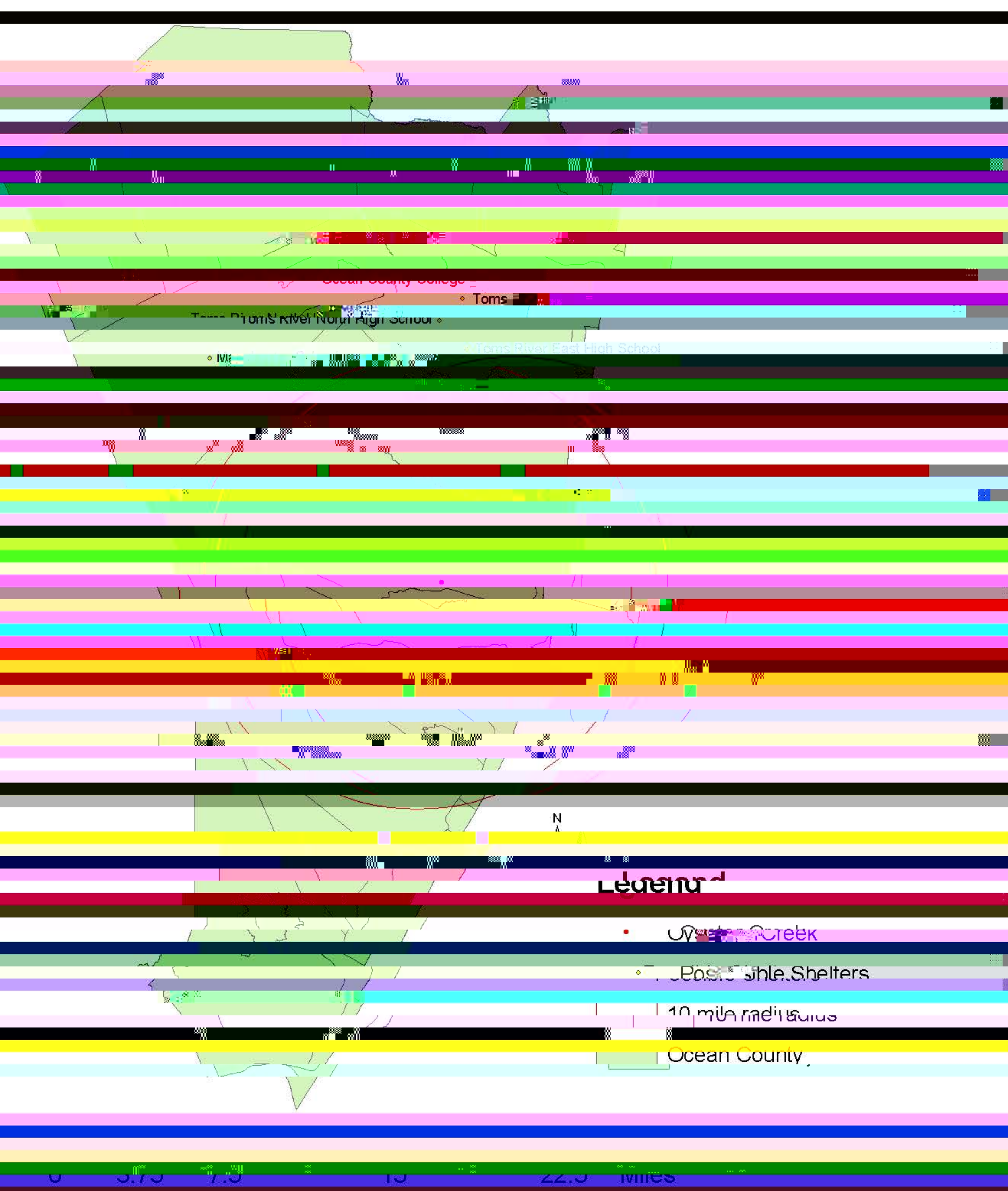
Abstract

The E.P.U. has identified possible evacuation facilities as possible. Oyster Creek is a well known nuclear power plant in southern New Jersey. The objective of this project was to identify a 10 mile radius surrounding the power plant residents in the event of a terrorist attack. Through the use of Geographic Information Systems I have found that it would take a minimum of one hour, one and ten minutes to evacuate the entire population living within 10 miles of the power plant.

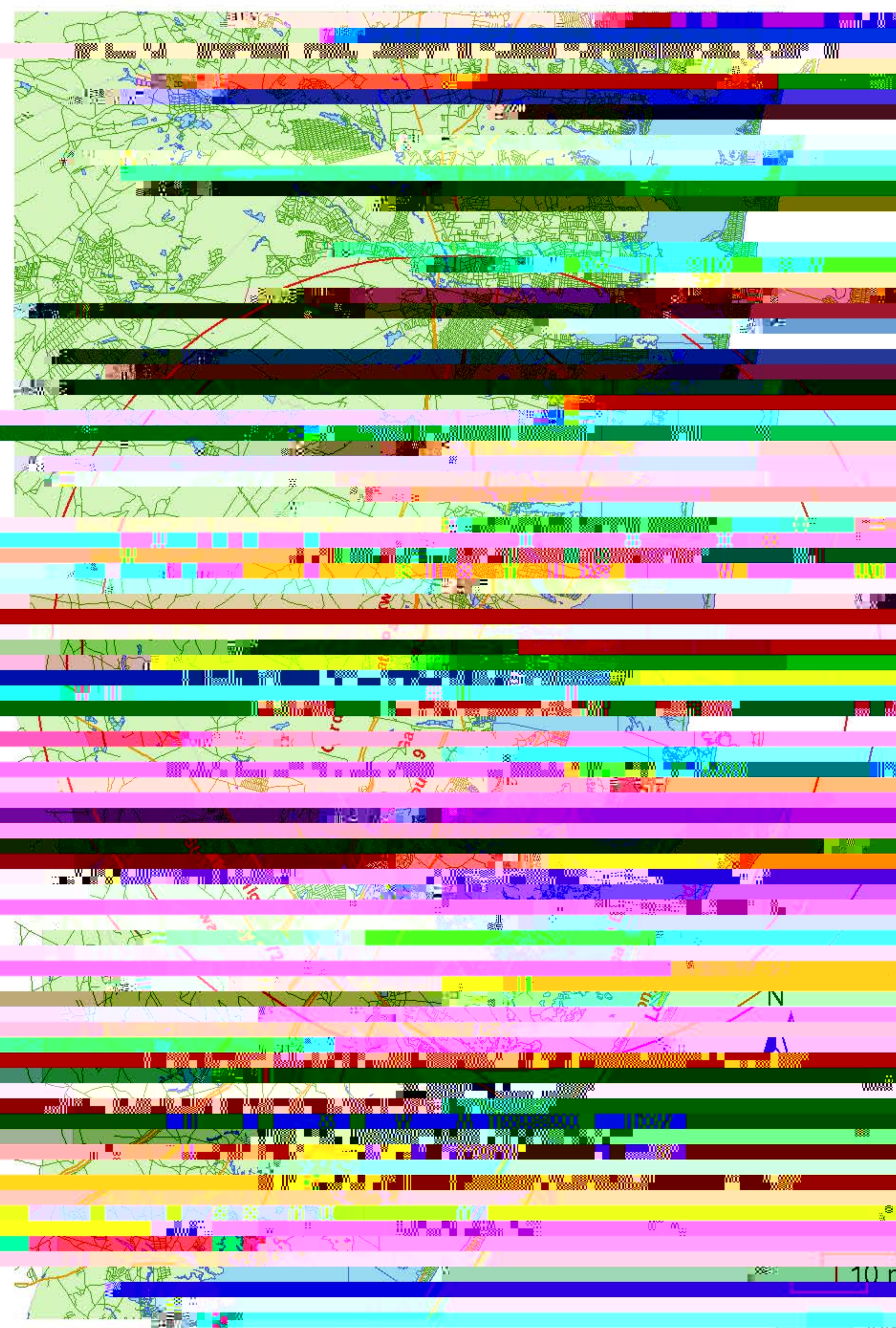
Sanchez's main concern is that the federal Bureau of Investigation has identified the Oyster Creek plant located in southern New Jersey as one of the most dangerous nuclear power plants. Hope Creek, Oyster Creek, and Hope Creek are the only nuclear power plants in the United States owned and operated by GPU Nuclear Corporation and began operation in 1969. Originally licensed to operate for thirty-five years, Oyster Creek recently applied and received an extension to operate until 2019. The radius of 10 miles has been identified by the E.P.U. as the area in which the population living within 10 miles of the power plant.

Objective

Identify a 10 mile radius surrounding the power plant.
 Estimate amount of time needed to evacuate entire population living inside radius.
 Finally, find suitable facilities to



Evacuation routes



Methodology

The location of Oyster Creek was found using aerial photography. Once a point coverage was made by using a point in the center of the facility, a circle was drawn using the buffer wizard found in the tools menu bar. The estimated population was found using the coverage map wizard. All the population blocks within the 10 mile radius were selected and added up to get a total of about 135,000 people. The coverage wizard was used to locate all of the roads found in the 10 mile radius. The coverage wizard was used to identify all the roads found in the 10 mile radius. The calculation for this selection was "all roads not = A4". From there the roads were selected as the best routes for evacuation. The coverage wizard was used to identify all the roads found in the 10 mile radius. The calculation was as follows: Average car = 15ft. estimated car takes up 30ft of highway. Speed limit 53208 = distance car will go in one hour (hr). That total was then divided by 90 (ft) to get the number of cars that can fit on the road at one time. If the road had 2 lanes the number was doubled. If there were two exits out of the ten-mile radius the total was doubled. For example: Carter State Fair Rd = 30 miles per hour, 30 cars x 10,200 = 306,000 cars per hour. 3,813 x 2 lanes x 2 exits = 15,253 cars per hour. The total number of cars that can be combined to get the number of cars that can be evacuated in one hour. Estimated population divided by the total number of people that can be evacuated in one hour equals the amount of time it would take to evacuate the entire population inside the 10 mile radius. The next step was to find suitable shelters for evacuated residents. The coverage wizard was used to find all of the schools near the 10 mile radius. The schools that were selected: Ocean County College, Toms River East middle school, Toms River North high school, Manchester school and Toms River East high school. Ocean County was selected out of the coverage "stoc" and used as the background on all three of the maps in the layout.