



CONTINUED FR

PDNLQJ WKH FRUUHFW DFDGHPLF GHFLVLRQV  
WLHG WR HQWHULQJ WKH ZRUNIRUFH WZR  
thirds say they would have done  
something different in choosing college  
VWXGLHV DQG RQO\ RQH LQ ,YH FROOHJH  
JUDGXDW HV LQGLFDWH WKDW WKH\ WKLQN WKH\  
will be more successful than the prior  
JHQHUDWLRQ 2QH WKLUG RI UHVSRRQGHQWV  
said that their college education did not  
SUHSDUH WKHP ZHOO IRU D ,UVW IXOO WLPH  
MRE )LQDOO\ UHVSRRQGHQWV LQGLFDWHG WKDW  
SD\LQJ FROOHJH GHEW URXJKO\  
strongly affects decisions about future  
OLIH FKRLFHV VXFK DV JUDGXDW HVFKRRO  
KRXVLQJ DQG MREV

7KLV VHQVH RI XQHDVH OHIW XQFKHFNHG  
not only leads to greater uncertainty  
among citizens about the value of  
LQYHVWLQJ LQ FROOHJH RSSRUWXQLW\  
HVSHFLDOO\ SXEOLF FROOHJHV ZKLFK VHUYH  
RI DOO VWXGHQWV EXW IXQGDPHQWDOO\  
undermines the most critical element  
supporting college opportunity  
LQ WKH ,UVW LQVWDQFH SXEOLF WUXVW  
'LVVDWLVIDFWLRQ ZLOO RQO\ ZRUvhQ LI WKH  
citizens they serve and who help to  
,DQFH WKH LQVWLWXWLQV DUH OHIW RXW RI  
WKH FRQYHUVDWLRQ DERXW SROLF\ UHIRUP

### Policy Options, Responsibility and Public Trust

7KH FRQÀXHQFH RI WKHVH WUHQGV DUH  
DW WKH KHDUW RI WKH PLVVLRLQ RI +(6,\*.  
\$FFRUGLQJO\ WKLV ,UVW QHZVOHWWHU LV  
dedicated to recent survey research  
trends on higher education policy and  
SXEOLF WUXVW

Following advice from its Policy

6WHHULQJ & RXQFLQ LQ -XO\ +(6,\*  
LV LQLWLDWLQJ DQ DPE\ WRXV SURMHFW GXULQJ  
WLWOHG % XLOO SXEOLF ZUXVW  
DQ (UD RI & KDQJH ' 8QH E\ QQHU  
+(6,\* SODQV WR FRQGXFW DW OH'DA\ WRXU  
VFLHQWL ,F SROOV WR SURY GHDO HPSULFDO  
EDVH IRU H[SORUDWL PSLWPSRJ WKR  
mind" policy issues affecting higher  
HGXFDWLRQ RSWLRQV IRU WKDQ DQG  
RXWFRPHV DQG VKDU UHFRQWLEO  
IRU WDNLQJ DFWLRQ

**#1 HDUO\ RI UHVSRQGHQWV**  
 eliminated choices of colleges  
 EHFDXVH RI FRVW

**#Roughly one-half of families would rather continue to depend on**  
 ERUURZLQJ PRQH\ WR DWWHQG FROOHJH  
 UDWKHU WKDQ IDLO WR DWWHQG

"Innovation in Higher Education, 2012." Northeastern University/FTI Consulting (National sample=1251 adults; margin of error=3.1%).

**#College is viewed as very important**  
 WR DFKLHYLQJ WKH ³\$PHULFDQ 'UHDP' EXW QHDUO\ RQH WKLUG EHOLHYH  
 college opportunity will diminish for IXWXUH JHQHUDWLRQV

**#KLOH VXUYH\HG QDWLRQDOO\ ,QG**  
 FROOHJH FRVW WR EH ZRUWKZKLOH RU UHDVRQDEOH IRU WKH EHQH\W RQH KDOI UHVSRQG WKDW WKH\ NQRZ VRPHRQH  
 who postponed college because of FRVW DQG PRVW YLHZ SD\LQJ  
 for college as the biggest barrier to REWDLQLQJ D GHJUHH

**#RXU LQ ,YH VXUYH\HG EHOLHYH WKDW**  
 the US system of higher education

VLJQL ,FDQW HOHFWRUDO Y WD[HV WR VXSSRUW HGXFDW D KLJKHU HGXFDWLRQ IDFLC serve as only two examples of public trust in colleges translating into positive VXSSRUW IRU LQYHVVPHQW LQGLYLGXDO DVSLUDWLRQV &OHDUO\ SXEOLF WUXVW L EHQH ,WV RI FROOHJH LV D in the hope for future investment and LPSURYHPHQW RI KLJKHU HC

% XW WDNLQJ WRJHWKHU S DQG RWKHU SROLF\ WUHQG SXEOLF SROLF\ PDNHUV SU and governing boards of colleges appear to be on a collision course on WKH PDWWHUV RI UHIRUP SULFH VWUXFWXUH DQG DI IRU RXWFRPHV :KHUHDV FL YLHZ FROOHJH D NH\ FRPSF ZRUNIRUFH SUHSUDUDWLRQ IRU WKHLU HFRQRPLF IXWX LQFUHDVLQJO\ GLVVDWLV ,QG SULFH RI FROOHJH PRXQW GHEW DQG FROOHJH OHDG WR FRQWURO HVFDODWLQJ feel that college opportunity for their children will be diminished without VWUXFWXUDO UHIRUP

